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- b. The United States may elicit hearsay testimony from arresting agents regarding any statements made by the material witness(es) provided in discovery, and such testimony shall be admitted as substantive evidence under Fed. R. Evid. 804(b)(3) as statements against interest of (an) unavailable witness(es); and,
- c. Understanding that under <u>Crawford v. Washington</u>, 124 S. Ct. 1354 (2004), "testimonial" hearsay statements are not admissible against a defendant unless defendant confronted and cross-examined the witness(es) who made the "testimonial" hearsay statements, defendant waives the right to confront and cross-examine the material witness(es) in this case.
- 6. By signing this stipulation and joint motion, defendant certifies that defendant has read it (or that it has been read to defendant in defendant's native language). Defendant certifies further that defendant has discussed the terms of this stipulation and joint motion with defense counsel and fully understands its meaning and effect.

Based on the foregoing, the parties jointly move the stipulation into evidence and for the immediate release and remand of the above-named material witness(es) to the Department of Homeland Security for return to their country of origin.

It is STIPULATED AND AGREED this date.

Respectfully submitted,

KAREN P. HEWITT
United States Attorney

Dated: 10/30/07

Dated: 10

Stipulation of Fact and Joint Motion for Release of Material Witness(es) And Order Thereon in United States v. Jesus Reyes-Bucio (2)

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Stipulation of Fact and Joint Motion for Release of Material Witness(es) And Order Thereon in United States v. Jesus Reyes-Bucio (2)